

APPENDIX J

DEFINITIONS

Section 1. DEFINITION OF COMMONLY USED TERMS

The DOD Dictionary (JCS Pub. 1) provides definitions of a wide variety of commonly used military terms. There are some terms, not listed in the DOD Dictionary, that are used in Joint Operations Planning System (JOPS), the Joint Reporting Structure, other Joint Chiefs of Staff (JCS) publications, and in the joint planning community. The following is a list of selected terms used in this publication along with a practical definition for each.

Acquisition

The purchasing, renting, leasing, or otherwise obtaining of personnel, services, supplies, and equipment from authorized sources as prescribed by the Defense Acquisition Regulation.

Acquisition Leadtime

The time elapsed between placing an order to purchase an item and receiving the item into the supply system.

Alert Order

A formal directive issued by the JCS. It reflects a National Command Authorities' (NCA) decision that US military forces may be required, provides essential guidance for planning in the prevailing situation, and marks the outset of execution planning.

Alternate Files

Essential directives, instructions, programs, plans, emergency actions procedures, and other documents required for the conduct of essential functions in a national emergency situation. The alternate files are maintained when practicable at the alternate or relocation sites.

Alternate Site

A prepared, predesignated location to which all or portions of a civilian or military headquarters may be evacuated. It should be capable of rapid activation and expansion. This applies principally to national level organizations.

Attachments to an Operation Plan or Order

An attachment to an operation plan or order is a separately identifiable amplification of the basic plan or operation order. Attachments are annexes, appendixes, tabs, and enclosures.

Augmentation Forces

Forces to be transferred to the operational command of a supported commander during the execution of an operation plan approved by the Joint Chiefs of Staff (JOPS)

Authorized Stockage List (ASL)

All items authorized to be stocked at a specific echelon of supply. The following are, or constitute parts of, the ASL of Tables of Organization and Equipment (TOE) and Tables of Distribution and Allowances (TDA) units:

a. Mission load. Quantity of class IX supplies authorized to be on hand in support units, or stored in depots for them, which will permit the unit to accomplish its peacetime and combat role support mission until resupply can be effected. The mission load is related to direct support (DS)/general support (GS) maintenance, as well as the resupply of prescribed and mission loads of supported units. Mission loads in the hands of units should normally be transportable on unit vehicles. The mission load is generally computed in 15-day increments and is basically designed to satisfy combat requirements.

b. Prescribed load.

(1) That quantity of class I and II supplies authorized by the major commander within criteria established by the Department of the Army (DA) to be on hand in units. The prescribed load is carried by the individual or on unit transportation and is continuously replenished as consumed.

(2) Quantity of class II, IV, IX supplies authorized by major commanders in accordance with AR 710-2 to be on hand in units for the performance

of organizational maintenance on assigned equipment. The prescribed load is carried on unit transportation and enables the unit to sustain itself during combat operations until resupply can be effected (normally 15-day level). The prescribed load is continuously replenished as consumed.

Basic Plan

That part of an operation plan which forms the base structure for annexes and appendixes. It consists of general statements related to the situation, mission, execution, logistics, administration, and command and signal.

Contiguous Zone

The entire zone, contiguous to the territorial sea, established by the United States under Article 24 of the Convention of the Territorial Sea and the Contiguous Zone.

Contingency Support Stocks (CONSSTOCS)

That portion of general war reserves which is maintained in the Continental United States (CONUS) for initial supply of CONUS forces deployed/employed for contingency operations. CONSSTOCS include Army-managed items and that portion of the Defense Logistics Agency (DLA) and General Services Administration (GSA)-managed Army-owned items which meet the established criteria.

Continuity of Government

All measures designed or taken to insure the continuity of essential functions of Government in event of an enemy attack.

CONUS Terminal Arrival Date (CTAD)

The date (related to C/D-Day) expressed in the OPLAN for materiel to arrive at the CONUS air/water terminal to provide ontime delivery to the consignee.

Crisis Action System (CAS)

CAS provides guidance and procedures for the conduct of joint planning for the use of military forces during emergency or time-sensitive situations for which there is no existing OPLAN.

Deployability Posture

The state or stage of a unit's preparedness for deployment to participate in a military operation.

Deployment Planning

That part of operation planning which concerns the relocation of forces to the desired area of operation.

Deployment-Qualified Equipment

Equipment free of conditions that would limit the reliability performance of its primary mission under combat conditions for a period of 90 days of operations and scored READY in accordance with applicable Equipment Serviceability Criteria (ESC).

Discharge

Includes, but is not limited to, any spilling, leaking, pumping, pouring, emitting, emptying, or dumping. Discharges, as used in this directive, do not include those which are within the limits and criteria of appropriate Federal or State permits.

Elements of an Operation Plan or Order

An element of an operation plan or order is an item which is listed in the table of contents including the attachments to the operation plan or order.

Emergency Staff Designee

Individuals or staff groups, who with minimal prior warning, can move to designated alternate/relocation sites, form an emergency staff, and conduct essential functions.

Employment Planning

That part of operation planning which concerns the strategic or tactical use of forces and materiel within the area of operations.

End Item Density

The quantity of end items requiring maintenance and supply support in a command or geographical area.

End Strength

Actual or authorized strength of the Army or subdivision thereof, at the close of a specific time period (fiscal year, calendar year, month, or operation).

Equipment Requirements Data/ Equipment Density Data (ERD/ EDD)

A listing of all equipment authorized by TOE/ Table of Allowance (TA), Modification Table of Organization and Equipment (MTOE)/Modification Table of Allowance (MTA) and Modification Table of Distribution and Allowances (MTDA)/TDA, equipment assets reported by units (AR 710-3), and equipment assets contained in approved Operational Projects (AR 710-1), by a six-digit alphanumeric line item number (SB 700-20), National Stock Number (NSN), nomenclature, make and model and quantity for each unit/organization or

part thereof. ERD/EDD are used as the basis for computing supply in support of contingency operations.

Essential Functions

Those functions of the Department of Defense (DOD) activities which are deemed necessary for the activity head in consonance with the directions of the Secretary of Defense for the accomplishment of indispensable operations of DOD in national emergency situations.

Execution Planning

That part of operation planning in which a plan or concept is translated into an operation order. It includes adapting the plan or concept to the prevailing circumstances, the designation of units to satisfy force requirements, the establishment of appropriate deployability posture, the scheduling of necessary transportation resources and the dissemination of movement tables to regulate the deployment of forces requiring common-user transportation.

Force Requirements Number (FRN)

The alphanumeric code used to uniquely identify each force entry in a force list, Time-Phased Force Deployment List (TPFDL), etc. (JOPS).

Force Shortfall

A deficiency in the number or type of units available for planning, within the time required for the performance of an assigned task.

Fragmented Unit

Any unit that does not enter a specific objective area as a complete unit. A unit is considered to be fragmented if portions of the unit are deployed to the objective area at different times, by different modes of transport, to different objective areas, or if a portion of the unit is not deployed. Lettered companies and unnumbered TOE detachments and teams organic to battalions or companies are not fragmented units unless one or more of the above conditions exist. For purpose of computing density data, all reportable items in SB 700-20 and all equipment items requiring repair parts support are used.

General-Purpose Warehouse Space

Warehouse area other than controlled humidity, flammable, or refrigerated warehouse area. Such warehouse area may be further classified either as heated or unheated warehouse space.

Gross Storage Space

a. The overall space at an installation or activity designated as the storage asset. This does not in-

clude areas that have been converted to nonstorage purposes; e.g., shops and offices.

b. The inside area between exterior walls without deduction for firewalls and other structural losses. The overall measurements of open storage areas without deduction for trackage and permanent roads within the area.

Harmful Quantities

That quantity of oil which is harmful to public health or welfare; or violates applicable water quality standards; or causes a film, sheen, or discoloration of the water surface or adjacent shorelines; or causes a sludge or emulsion to be deposited beneath the water surface or upon adjacent shorelines. A direct discharge of oil from a properly functioning vessel engine is not deemed to be harmful; but such oil accumulated in a vessel's bilge and subsequently discharged shall not be so exempt.

Hazardous Substances

A material, other than oil, which, when discharged in any quantity into or upon waters of the United States, adjoining shorelines, or waters of the contiguous zone, presents an imminent and substantial danger to the public health or welfare, including, but not limited to, fish, shellfish, wildlife, shorelines, and beaches. This definition will apply to the DOD program until such time as a definitive list of hazardous substances is issued pursuant to Section 311(b)(2) of the Federal Water Pollution Control Act, as amended (reference (g)).

Highway Capability

The number of vehicles (highway vehicle capability) or the number of short tons payload (highway tonnage capability) which can be moved over a highway with proper consideration of type of roadway, maintenance, hills, curves, weather, other traffic, type of vehicle employed, etc.

Highway Capacity

Maximum traffic obtainable on a given roadway using all available lanes.

Initial Strength

Actual or authorized strength of the Army, or subdivision thereof, at the beginning of a specific time period (fiscal year, calendar year, month of operation).

The Joint Operation Planning System (JOPS)

The planning system approved by the JCS and directed for use in joint planning. JOPS formalizes

and standardizes administrative procedure, data exchange and storage, and plan format.

Joint Strategic Planning System (JSPS)

Strategic planning is the first phase of the Planning, Programming, and Budgeting System (PPBS). It is accomplished by the JCS and translates the national security policy into strategic guidance, direction, and objectives for force structuring, resource programming, and operational planning. Included in the planning documents which make up part of the JSPS, are the:

- a. Joint Strategic Objectives Plan (JSOP).
- b. Joint Strategic Capabilities Plan (JSCP).
- c. Joint Force Memorandum (JFM).
- d. Joint Research and Development Objectives Document (JRDOD).

Limiting Factor

A deficiency in resources required to support an operation plan, such as movement capabilities, personnel, logistics, or facilities.

Logistics Over-the-Shore Operations (LOTS)

The loading and unloading of ships without the benefit of fixed-port facilities in friendly or nondefended territory; and, in time of war, during phases of theater development in which there is no opposition by the enemy.

Major Army Command (MACOM)

A specifically designated Army field command directly subordinate to Headquarters, Department of the Army (HQDA).

Materiel Management Center (MMC)

Functional control centers normally assigned to Division Support Command (DISCOM), Corps Support Command (COSCOM), Theater Area Army Command (TAACOM), and Theater Army Headquarters (TA HQ). MMCs are responsible for those phases of military logistics which include managing, cataloging, requirements determination, acquisition, distribution, overhaul, disposal, and actions taken to retain equipment in a serviceable condition. It incorporates the functions of inventory control, supply control, stock control, and maintenance management.

Mobility Echelon

A subordinate element of a type unit which is scheduled for deployment separately from the parent unit. Mobility echelons may be used in the Time-Phased Transportation Requirement List (TPTRL), but normally do not appear in a TPFDL.

Movements Control Center (MCC)

Functional control centers normally assigned to COSCOM and TA HQ. MCCs are responsible for planning, routing, scheduling, and control of personnel and supply movements over lines of communication.

National Inventory Control Point (NICP)

An agency of the US Army Materiel Command (AMC) or the DLA that is responsible for the worldwide inventory management of certain commodities assigned to that point. The management responsibilities include cataloging, requirements computations, acquisition direction, distribution management, overhaul direction, and disposal direction.

National Maintenance Point (NMP)

An organization that provides maintenance guidance to equipment users worldwide; the major functions of an NMP are maintenance engineering, preparing technical publications, providing logistics assistance, and performing maintenance management.

The National Military Command System (NMCS)

The NMCS is the priority component of the Worldwide Military Command and Control System (WWMCCS) designed to support the NCAs in the exercise of their responsibilities. It also supports the JCS in the exercise of their responsibilities.

Net Storage Space

The floor area upon which bins are erected plus the floor area upon which materiel can be stored.

Nonunit-Related Cargo

All equipment and supplies requiring transportation to an area of operations, other than those identified as the equipment or accompanying supplies of a specific unit, (e.g., resupply, military support for allies, support for nonmilitary programs, such as civil relief, etc.).

Nonunit-Related Personnel

All personnel requiring transportation to an area of operations, other than those assigned to a specific unit (e.g., fillers, replacements, TDY/TAD, civilians, etc.).

Notional Unit

A type unit without specific identity as to numerical or other actual designation, such as an infantry division, an artillery battalion, or a supply and service battalion.

Offshore Acquisitions

The purchase of materiel requirements in countries outside the United States and its possessions and Canada with delivery to recipient countries or for US forces wherever stationed.

Operation Plan (OPLAN) Categories

a. Contingency Plan. A plan for an emergency which may occur in a specific geographic subarea of a command. The primary purpose of a contingency plan is to accelerate the actions which this command can take to react to the emergency situation.

b. Supporting Plan. A plan for deployment of the forces of one unified command to augment another.

c. Deployment Plan. A plan developed by an Army component command (FORSCOM/ARRED) that provides for the deployment of assigned Army forces in support of a unified command (CINCRD) supporting plan and in support of a unified command (LANTCOM) and Army component command (ARLANT) operation plans.

d. Employment Plan. A plan developed by Army component commands (FORSCOM/ARLANT) or a designated/employment planning agent (XVII Airborne Corps) that provides for the employment of the Army component commands (ARLANT) forces in support of the unified command (LANTCOM). Additionally, joint employment plans are developed, as directed by a unified commander (CINCLANT), that provide for the employment of joint forces (ARLANT, AFLANT, LANTFLT) in the area of operations.

e. Consolidated Plans. A plan developed jointly by a component command (FORSCOM/ARLANT) and the designated planning agent (XVIII Airborne Corps) that incorporates the deployment and employment planning necessary to support a unified command's (LANTCOM) contingency plan.

f. Base Development Plan (BDP). A plan developed by an Army component command (FORSCOM/ARLANT) in support of employment and consolidated plans (d and e above), which identifies logistics and operational facility requirements and provides for the acquisition or construction and for maintenance of those facilities.

g. General Plans. Plans developed by Army component commands (FORSCOM/ARRED) in support of unified commands (REDCOM) general plans, directives, or other documents. These plans establish broad guidance and data bases necessary for development of other type plans within the planning system.

Operation Plan in Complete Format

An OPLAN for the conduct of military operations which can be translated into an operation order with minimum alteration. The designation "plan" is often used instead of "order" in preparing for operations well in advance. Complete plans include deployment and/or employment phases, as appropriate. All areas of the plan are fully developed to include the complete force tab/troop list and other essential annexes.

Operation Plan in Concept Format

An operation plan in an abbreviated format, requiring further expansion prior to execution. The plan outlines the salient features or principles of a course of action which is used to complete detailed planning.

Operational Project

A DA-approved project authorizing the acquisition of stocks of equipment and supplies for the support of a specific requirement, developed in accordance with AR 710-1.

Oversea Terminal Arrival Date (OTAD)

The date (related to C/D-day expressed in the OPLAN for materiel to arrive at the oversea air/water terminal for discharge and transshipment to the consignee.

Planning Agent

A subordinate headquarters of an Army component command designated to accomplish specific planning and/or execution tasks in support of contingency plans and requirements. A planning agent may be designated to accomplish staging/marshaling planning, deployment, employment, e.g.:

a. FORSCOM/ARLANT subordinate command, XVIII Airborne Corps, may be designated as the employment planning agent in support of LANTCOM or of an oversea unified command, or be designated to develop Army Task Force plans in support of a Joint Task Force (JTF) established by a unified command.

b. An employment planning agent prepares a ground tactical plan or other supporting plans to include appropriate annexes to support the concept of operation of the unified command, Army component command, other commands, a JTF, as appropriate.

Plan Summary

A required element of an operation plan which provides a brief recapitulation of the mission, the general situation, the concept of operations, the

major forces required, command arrangements, and the commander's appraisal of logistics feasibility.

Planning Point of Origin

A geographic location in which forces, supplies, and equipment are assembled.

Posthostilities Planning

The planning for orderly dismantling of facilities and redeploying of men and materiel no longer required in support of operations.

Preplanned Supply

A system by which supply requirements are computed by wholesale logistics activities, with participation of the supported command, for the initial support of forces through the development period on the basis of forecasted or established replacement factors/consumption rates and prior to establishment of normal requisitioning capabilities. Supplies are incrementally shipped to the responsible supporting theater/task force logistics activity(s), on an as-required basis, to supplement and/or establish a theater/task force stock level to enable that activity(s) to respond to requisitions submitted by supported units.

Project Codes

A three-position alpha or numeric code used to identify requisitions, supply and transportation documentation, and shipment of materiel to consignee (unit).

Project Stocks

Those items of supply and equipment included in operational projects to support specific operations, contingencies and/or war plans.

Reception Capacity

The number and types of ships that can be moved into a harbor or coastal area of the terminal per day. This capacity is an estimated tonnage that can be accommodated for discharge daily from the ships and is based solely on an evaluation of the physical facilities of the terminal.

Reconstitution

Actions taken under the surviving command authority to reform a damaged or destroyed headquarters from survivors of the attack and/or personnel from other sources, predesignated as replacements.

Reserve Supplies

a Supplies over and above immediate operational requirements.

b Supplies authorized to be retained for a specific purpose, such as war reserves, contingency

plans, equipping newly activated units or units arriving in the theater without equipment.

c War reserves are stocks of materiel acquired in peacetime to meet increased military requirements consequent to an outbreak of war. These reserves are intended to provide support to sustain operations until resupply can be accomplished. DA, DCSLOG must approve establishment of Army war reserve stocks outside of CONUS. War reserve stocks, as described in AR 11-11 and AR 710-1 are composed of:

(1) Pre-Positioned War Reserve Materiel Stocks (PWRMS).

(2) CONSSTOCS.

(3) Priority Mobilization War Reserves (PRIMOB) for early mission reserve components.

(4) Full Army Mobilization War Reserves (FAM).

(5) War Reserve Stocks for Allies (WRSA).

(6) Special Contingency Stockpile (SCS).

(7) operational Project Stocks (OPS).

(8) Other War Reserve Materiel Stocks (OWRMS).

d War Reserve Stockage List (WARSL) is a listing of principal and secondary end items authorized by command for stockage in war reserves for use by US forces. The list is published in SB 700-40. Not listed but also authorized for stockage are components and repair parts for mobilization support of WARSL end items.

Retrograde Cargo

Cargo being returned from an oversea command to CONUS.

Roll-On/Roll-Off (RORO)

Ocean shipping in which vehicles (wheeled or tracked) are driven aboard a special vessel, secured for the voyage and driven off at destination port.

Routine Replenishment

Supply of a deployed force after termination of preplanned supply, based on requisitions submitted by the task force or theater commander (FORSCOM Reg 700-2).

Scheduled Supply

A system whereby any unit (user or supplier) is furnished some or all of its supply requirements by a previously planned schedule which specifies items, quantities, and time and place of delivery.

Serviceable Equipment

Equipment that fully meets the prescribed maintenance standards set forth in TM or other DA technical publications and is capable of performing its prescribed function at rated capacity for a period of 90 days under combat conditions (FORSCOM Reg 700-2).

Services

The Chief of Staff, US Army; the Chief of Naval Operations; the Chief of Staff US Air Force; the Commandant of the Marine Corps, and their respective headquarters staffs (DARCOM LP&P).

Special Facility (SF)

The Office of Preparedness, GSA, SF is a protected emergency site for those elements of DOD responsible for the centralized management and control of resources and the claiming for and allocation of national resources for DOD purposes. In addition, the SF is designed to provide selected civil agencies and departments of the Federal Government with a facility and a mechanism which will permit response to Presidential direction, the making of policy decisions, the announcement of those decisions, and the exercise and control over their implementation.

Specified Command

A command which has a broad continuing mission and which is established and so designated by the President through the Secretary of Defense with the advice and assistance of the JCS. Normally, it is composed of forces from but one service.

Stockage Lists

A list of all items authorized to be stocked at a specified supply echelon.

a. Authorized Stockage List. A listing of repair parts, general supplies, common hardware, and special tools required by maintenance and supply units to perform maintenance and/or to resupply supported units.

b. Prescribed Load List. A composite listing of repair parts and special tools authorized to a unit to perform organizational maintenance.

Succession of Command

Whereby a subordinate commander substitutes for and assumes the authority, duties, and functions of a senior disabled commander.

Supplies

Supplies are the commodities necessary to equip, maintain, and operate a military command. Military services divide supplies into general classes for planning and administrative purposes. (See AR

11-8 and FM 704-28.) These classes of supplies are as follows:

a. Class I. Subsistence.

b. Class II. Clothing, individual equipment, tentage, organizational tool sets and tool kits, handtools, administrative and housekeeping supplies, and equipment.

c. Class III. POL, petroleum fuels, lubricants, hydraulic and insulating oils, preservatives, liquid and compressed gases, bulk chemical products, coolants, deicing and antifreeze compounds, together with components and additives of such products, and coal.

d. Class IV. Construction. Construction materials to include installed equipment and all fortification/barrier materials.

e. Class V. Ammunition. Ammunition of all types (including chemical, biological, radiological, and special weapons), bombs, explosives, mines, fuses, detonators, pyrotechnics, missiles, rockets, propellants, and other associated items.

f. Class VI. Personal demand items (nonmilitary sales items).

g. Class VII. Major end items. A final combination of end products which is ready for its intended use; e.g., launchers, tanks, mobile machine shops, vehicles.

h. Class VIII. Medical materiel, including medical-peculiar repair parts.

i. Class IX. Repair parts (less medical-peculiar repair parts). All repair parts and components to include kits, assemblies, and subassemblies, repairable and nonrepairable, required for maintenance support of all equipment.

j. Class X. Materiel to support nonmilitary programs; e.g., agricultural and economic development, not included in classes I through IX.

Supported CINC

A commander of a unified or specified command who is assigned a mission in the JSCP or by directive of the JCS for the conduct of operations and who prepares operation plans for the conduct of such operations.

Supporting CINC

A commander of a unified or specified command who provides forces to a supported commander of a unified or specified command.

Supporting Forces

Forces stationed in, or to be deployed to, an area of operations to provide support for the execution of an operation plan approved by the JCS. Oper-

ational command of supporting forces is not passed to the supported commander.

Supporting Plan

An operation plan prepared by either a supporting commander or a subordinate commander to satisfy the requests/requirements of the supported commander's plan (JOPS).

Sustaining Supply

That materiel required to support a unit after arrival in theater from the time accompanying supply and PWRMS are anticipated to run out, until regular resupply commences (JOPS III).

Terminal Throughput Capacity

An estimate of the existing terminal capacity which is the total tonnage and/or personnel that can be received, processed, and cleared through the terminal in a day.

Theater Medical Evacuation Policy

The maximum period, established by the Secretary of Defense, that patients may be held within the theater for treatment. The theater Army commander normally establishes intratheater evacuation (holding) policies for the combat zone and the communications zone (COMMZ).

Time-Phased Force Deployment Data (TPFDD)

The time-phased force and transportation data for an OPLAN, including:

- a. Type units to be employed.
- b. Type units to be deployed to support the OPLAN with a priority indicating the desired sequence for their arrival at port of debarkation (POD).
- c. Routing of forces to be deployed.
- d. Mobility data associated with deploying forces.
- e. *Personnel and logistics movements to be conducted concurrently with the deployment of forces.*
- f. Estimate of transportation requirements, which must be fulfilled by common-user lift resources as well as those requirements which can be fulfilled by assigned or attached transportation resources (JOPS).

Time-Phased Force and Deployment List (TPFDL)

A part of the TPFDD which includes a time-phased force list, identifies type units to be deployed, and provides data concerning their destination (JOPS).

Time-Phased Transportation Requirements List

A part of the TPFDD which defines the movement requirements and includes a time-phased listing of type units/mobility echelons, fillers and replacement personnel, and bulk supplies to be transported by air or sea to support an OPLAN; provides mobility data related to these deployments; and estimates movement requirements to be fulfilled by both common-user lift resources and assigned transportation resources (JOPS).

Transportation Movement Requirements Data (TMRD)

A listing or card deck of supplies in shipping configuration that will be shipped in support of a contingency operation. The supplies will be identified by class of supply, weight, dimensions, special handling characteristics mode(s) of transportation, markings (project code) to be used, supply source, and recommended aerial port of embarkation (APOE) or POE (AMC LP&P).

Type Unit

A type of organizational entity established within the Armed Forces and uniquely identified by a unit type code (JOPS).

Type Unit Data (TUCHA) File

The TUCHA file provides standard planning data on movement characteristics for personnel, cargo, and accompanying supplies associated with deployable type units of fixed composition. The file contains the weight and cube of selected cargo categories, physical characteristics of the cargo, and the number of personnel requiring nonorganic transportation (JOPS).

Unit Designation List

A list of actual units designated to fulfill requirements of a force list (JOPS).

Unit Identification Code (UIC)

A six-character, alphanumeric code which uniquely identifies each Active, Reserve, and National Guard unit of the Armed Forces (JOPS).

Unit Type Code (UTC)

The five-character, alphanumeric code which is associated with and allows each type unit/organization to be categorized into a kind or class having common distinguishing characteristics (JOPS).

Unit-Related Equipment and Supplies

All equipment and supplies requiring transportation to an area of operations that are assigned to a

specific unit or that are designated as accompanying supplies.

War Reserves

Stocks of materiel amassed in peacetime to meet the increase in military requirements consequent upon an outbreak of war. They are intended to provide the interim support essential to sustain operations until resupply can be effected.

Waters of the United States

The navigable waters of the United States; tributaries of navigable waters of the United States; interstate and intrastate lakes, rivers, and streams.

Worldwide Military Command and Control System

A formalized structure for the exercise of authority and direction by duly designated authorities in performing the functions of planning, directing, coordinating, and controlling military forces. It consists of five major components: (1) the National Military Command System (NMCS); (2) the WWMCCS-related management information systems of the headquarters of the military departments; (3) the command and control systems of the unified and specified commands; (4) the command and control systems of the headquarters of the service component commands; and (5) the command and control support system of the DOD agencies.

Section II. ACRONYMS AND ABBREVIATIONS

The following is a list of selected acronyms that are frequently used in planning. Generally, acronyms and abbreviations should be avoided in the writing of joint plans and orders. If a long title or term must be used repeatedly, the acronym or abbreviation may be employed provided the first time it is used the long title is spelled out fully along with its related acronym or abbreviation.

AAO Army Acquisition Objective
 ADP Automatic Data Processing
 AFCS Army Facilities Components System
 AIPP Army Industrial Preparedness Program
 AM US Army Materiel Command
 AMCCOM US Army Armament, Munitions and Chemical Command
 AMOPS Army Mobilization and Operations Planning System
 AMP Army Materiel Plan
 APORTS Aerial Ports and Air Operating Bases File
 ARCOM US Army Reserve Command
 ARNG US Army National Guard
 ASA Army Strategic Appraisal
 ASF Army Stock Fund
 ASL Authorized Stockage List
 ASSETS Transportation Assets File
 AUTODIN Automatic Digital Network
 BD Base Development
 BDP Base Development Plan
 CAS Crisis Action System
 CB Chemical Biological
 CUE Communications Electronics
 CECOM US Army Communications and Electronics Command
 CEF Civil Engineering File

CUSP Civil Engineering Support Plan
 CESPG Civil Engineering Support Plan Generator
 CHSTR Characteristics of Transportation Resource File
 CIA Central Intelligence Agency
 CINC Commander in Chief
 COMMA Communications Zone
 COMPASS Computerized Movements Planning and Status System
 COMSEC Communications Security Equipment
 CONPLAN Concept Plan
 CONUS Continental United States
 COOP Continuity of Operations Planning
 COSCOM Corps Support Command
 CSS Combat Service Support
 CTA Common Table of Allowance
 CTAD CONUS Terminal Arrival Date
 CZ Combat Zone
 DA Department of Army
 DCAS Defense Contract Administration Service
 DCSLOG Deputy Chief of Staff for Logistics
 DCSOPS Deputy Chief of Staff for Operations and Plans
 DCSPER Deputy Chief of Staff for Personnel
 DCSRDA Deputy Chief of Staff for Research, Development and Acquisition
 DESCOM Depot System Command
 DFSC Defense Fuel Supply Center
 DG Defense Guidance
 DISCOM Division Support Command
 DLA Defense Logistics Agency
 DOD Department of Defense
 DODD Department of Defense Instruction
 DOE Department of Energy

DOT.....	Department of Transportation	JTF.....	Joint Task Force
DPSC.....	Defense Personnel Support Center	LAD.....	Latest Arrival Date
DS.....	Direct Support	LCA.....	Logistics Control Activity
DSS.....	Direct Support System	LEA.....	Logistic Evaluation Agency
EAC.....	Echelons Above Corps	LFF.....	Logistics Factors File
ENCOM.....	Engineer Command	LSA.....	Logistics Support Analysis
EPW.....	Enemy Prisoner of War	MAC.....	Military Airlift Command
FASTALS.....	Force Analysis Simulation of Theater Administration and Logistics support	MACOM.....	Major Army Command
FMS.....	Foreign Military Sales	MAP.....	Military Assistance Program
FORSCOM.....	US Army Forces Command	MAPS.....	Mobility Analysis & Planning System
FRAGORD...	Fragmentary Order	MCC.....	Movement Control Center
FRG.....	Force Requirements Generator	MEDCOM.....	Medical Command
FRN.....	Force Requirement Number	MEDSOM.....	Medical, Supply, Optical, and Maintenance
FSS.....	Federal Supply Schedule	MEMO.....	Mission Essential Maintenance Operations/Capabilities
FTS.....	Federal Telecommunications System	MFL.....	Master Force List (JDS) Major Force List (JOPS)
FYDP.....	Five-Year Defense Program	MILPERCEN..	Military Personnel Center
GEOFILE.....	Specified Geolocation Code File	MILSTAMP....	Military Standard Transportation and Movement Procedures
GS.....	General Support	MILSTEP.....	Military Supply and Transportation Evaluation Procedures
GSA.....	General Supply Administration	MILSTRIP.....	Military Standard Requisitioning and Issue Procedures
HNS.....	Host Nation Support	MMC.....	Materiel Management Center
IDS.....	Intermediate Direct Support Maintenance	MPM.....	Medical Planning Module
IGSM.....	Intermediate General Support Maintenance	MRG.....	Movement Requirements Generator
IMAPS.....	Integrated Military Airlift Planning System (MAC)	MRM.....	Maintenance Reporting and Management System
INSCOM.....	US Army Intelligence and Security Command	MRSA.....	Materiel Readiness Support Activity
IPPL.....	Industrial Preparedness Planning	MSC.....	Military Sealift Command or Major Subordinate Command
IPSP.....	Intelligence Priorities for Strategic Planning	MSL.....	Master Support
IPSS.....	Initial Pre-planned Supply Support	MTDA.....	Modification Table of Distribution and Allowances
JCS.....	Joint Chiefs of Staff	MTMC.....	Military Traffic Management Command
JDA.....	Joint Deployment Agency	MTOE.....	Modified Table of Organization and Equipment
JDS.....	Joint Deployment System	MUMDF.....	Medical Unique Master Data File
JIEP.....	Joint Intelligence Estimate for Planning	NATO.....	North Atlantic Treaty Organization
JLRSA.....	Joint Long-Range Strategic Analysis (JSPS)	NCA.....	National Command Authorities
JOPS.....	Joint Operation Planning System	NICP.....	National Inventory Control Point
JOPSREP.....	JOPS Reporting System	NMCC.....	National Military Command Center
JPAM.....	Joint Program Assessment Memorandum (JSPS)	NMP.....	National Maintenance Point
JPO.....	Joint Petroleum Office	NRC.....	Nuclear Regulatory Commission
JRS.....	Joint Reporting Structure	NSC.....	National Security Council
JSAM.....	Joint Security Assistance Memorandum	OJCS.....	Organization of the Joint Chiefs of Staff
JSCP.....	Joint Strategic Capabilities Plan (JSPS)		
JSPD.....	Joint Strategic Planning Document (JSPS)		
JSPS.....	Joint Strategic Planning System		
JTB.....	Joint Transportation Board		

OPLAN.....	Operations Plan in complete format.	TECOM.....	US Army Test and Evaluation Command
OPREP.....	Commander's Operational Report (JRS)	TFE.....	Transportation Feasibility Estimator
ORF.....	Operational Readiness Float	TMDE.....	Test Measurement and Diagnostic Equipment
OSD.....	Office of the Secretary of Defense	TMRD.....	Transportation Movement Requirement Document
OST.....	Order Ship Time	TOA.....	Transportation Operating Agency
OTAD.....	Overseas Terminal Arrival Date	TOE.....	Table of Organization and Equipment
PA.....	Procurement Army	TPFDD.....	Time and Phased Force Deployment Data
PDP.....	Plan Development Phase (JOPS)	TPFDL.....	Time-Phased Force Deployment List
PERSCOM.....	Personnel Command	TPTRL.....	Time-Phased Transportation Requirement List
PM.....	Preventive Medicine	TRADOC.....	US Army Training and Doctrine Command
POD.....	Port of Debarkation/Discharge	TRANSCOM...	Transportation Command
POE.....	Port of Embarkation	TSA.....	US Army Troop Support Agency
POL.....	Petroleum, Oils, and Lubricants	TSG.....	The Surgeon General
POMCUS.....	Prepositioned Organizational Materiel Configured to Unit Sets	TUCHA.....	Type Unit Data File
PORTS.....	Port Characteristics File	TUDET.....	Type Unit Equipment Detail File
POS.....	Port of support	UCP.....	Unified Command Plan
PPBS.....	Planning, Programing, and Budgeting System	ULC.....	Unit Level Code
PVNTMED.....	Preventive Medicine	UMD.....	Unit Movements Data
PWRS.....	Pre-Positioned War Reserve Stock	USAAF.....	Unified Action Armed Forces
RDD.....	Required Delivery Date	USAISC.....	US Army Information Systems Command
SACS.....	Structure and Composition System	USAMMA.....	US Army Medical Materiel Agency
SAR.....	Search and Rescue	USAR.....	US Army Reserve
SEACOP.....	Strategic Sealift Contingency Planning System (MSC)	USASAC.....	US Army Security Assistance Center
SICC.....	Service Item Control Center	USDA.....	US Department of Agriculture
SITREP.....	Situation Report	USPS.....	US Postal Service
SL.....	Safety Level	UTC.....	Unit Type Code
SM.....	Systems Monitor	UW.....	Unconventional Warfare
SOP.....	Standing Operating Procedure	VIP.....	Visual Information Project Terminal
SPIRE.....	Spot Intelligence Report	WARSL.....	War Reserve Mobilization Stockage List
SRC.....	Standard Requirement Code	WIN.....	WWMCCS Intercomputer Network
SRF.....	Summary Reference File	WRMR.....	War Reserve Materiel Requirement
TAACOM.....	Theater Army Area Command	WRMS	War Reserve Materiel Stock
TAADS.....	The Army Authorization Document System	WWMCCS . .	Worldwide Military Command and Control System
TAEDP.....	Total Army Equipment Distribution Program		
TAMMC.....	Theater Army Materiel Management Center		
TAP.....	The Army Plan		
TCC.....	Theater Communications Command		
TDA.....	Table of Distribution and Allowance		