

## Appendix E

### Classes and Subclasses of Supply

#### CLASSES OF SUPPLY

	Class
Subsistence.	I
Clothing, individual equipment, tentage, organizational tool sets and tool kits, hand tools, maps, and administrative and housekeeping supplies and equipment.	II
POL: petroleum fuels; lubricants; hydraulic and insulating oils; preservatives; liquid and compressed gasses; bulk chemical products; coolants; deicing and antifreeze compounds, together with components and additives of such products; and coal.	III
Construction materials, including installed equipment and all fortification/barrier materials.	IV
Ammunition of all types, including chemical and special weapons, bombs, explosives, mines, fuses, detonators, pyrotechnics, missiles, rockets, propellants, and other associated items.	V
Personal demand items (nonmilitary sales items).	VI
Major end items: a final combination of end products that are ready for their intended use, for example, tanks, launchers, mobile machine shops, and vehicles.	VII
Medical materiel, including medical-peculiar repair parts.	VIII
Repair parts (less medical-peculiar repair parts): all repair parts and components, to include kits, assemblies, and subassemblies—reparable and nonreparable—required for maintenance support of all equipment.	IX
Materiel to support nonmilitary programs, such as agricultural economic development, not included in Classes I through IX.	x

#### SUBCLASSES OF SUPPLY

	Subclass
<b>Air</b> (Aviation, Aircraft, Airdrop Equipment):	A
•Class I—Food packet, inflight, individual.	
•Class II—Items of supply and equipment in support of aviation/aircraft.	
•Class III—Petroleum and chemical products used in support of aircraft.	
•Class V—Munitions delivered by aircraft or aircraft weapons systems.	

## Subclass

- Class VII—Major end items of aviation equipment.

- Class IX—Aircraft repair parts.

**Troop Support Materiel**— Consists of items such as water purification sets, shower, bath, laundry, drycleaning, and bakery equipment; sets, kits, and outfits (includes tool and equipment sets and shop/equipment sets for performing organization, DS, GS, and depot-level maintenance operations); sensors and interior intrusion devices; topographic equipment and related topographic products as outlined in AR 115-11.

B

**Operational Rations**— Includes the standard B ration, which is used for group feeding in areas where kitchen facilities, except refrigeration, are available and ration supplement sundries packs are issued in conjunction with the standard B ration until normal post exchange facilities are provided.

c

**Commercial Vehicles**— Includes wheeled vehicles authorized for use in administrative or tactical operations.

D

**General Supply Items**— Includes administrative expendable supplies such as typewriter ribbons, paper, cleaning materials, and other supplies normally referred to as office supplies; also includes publications distributed through AG channels.

E

**Clothing and Textiles**— Includes individual and organizational items of clothing and equipment authorized in allowance tables and tentage/tarpaulins authorized in TOE or other media.

F

**Communications-Electronics**— Includes signal items such as radio, telephone, satellite, avionics, marine communications and navigational equipment; tactical and nontactical ADPE; radar; photographic, audiovisual, and television equipment; and electronic sensors.

G

**Test, Measurement, and Diagnostic Equipment**— Includes items of equipment used to determine the operating efficiency of, or diagnose incipient problems in, systems, components, assemblies, and subassemblies of materiel used by the Army.

H

**Tactical Vehicles**— Includes trucks, truck tractors, trailers, semitrailers, K and personnel carriers.

**Missiles**— Classes H, VII, and IX include guided missile and rocket systems such as Patriot, MLRS, and Avenger. Class V includes guided missile ammunition items.

L

**Weapons**— Includes small arms, artillery, fire control systems, rocket launchers, machine guns, air defense weapons, and aircraft weapon subsystems.

M

### Special Weapons

N

- Class V—Includes nuclear and thermonuclear munitions.

- Class VII—Includes weapon systems that deliver nuclear munitions.

- Class IX—Includes repair parts for Class VII-N.

	Subclass
<b>Combat Vehicles</b> — Includes main battle tanks, recovery vehicles, self-propelled artillery, armored cars, and tracked and half-tracked vehicles.	O
<b>US Army Intelligence and Security Command Materiel</b> — Includes that materiel for which the US Army Intelligence and Security Command has responsibility. Normally authorized in classified authorization tables. Although USAINSCOM items are electronic, they are identified separately because they do not follow the same supply and maintenance channels as subclass G.	P
<b>Marine Equipment</b> — Includes marine items of supply and equipment such as amphibious vehicles, landing craft, barges, tugs, floating cranes, and dredges.	Q
<b>Refrigerated Subsistence</b> — Consists of two categories of refrigeration—that which is required to be maintained at 0°F to keep frozen meals and foods for extended periods and that which is to be maintained at approximately 40°F to keep perishables in A rations—such as fruits, vegetables, and eggs—for shorter periods	R
<b>Nonrefrigerated Subsistence</b> -- Includes items in standard B rations and nonperishable items in A rations.	S
<b>Industrial Supplies</b> — Common supplies and repair parts such as shop stocks, hardware, and fabrication-type items generally having multiple uses. The Defense Industrial Supply Center generally manages such items.	T
<b>COMSEC Material</b> — This subclass is identified separately from subclass G because of specialized supply and maintenance functions performed through a dedicated COMSEC logistics system.	U
<b>Ground</b> —	W
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>•Class I - Water—When delivered as a supply item.</li> <li>•Class III—Includes petroleum/chemical products and solid fuels used in support of ground and marine equipment.</li> <li>•Class V - Conventional munitions—Consists of chemical smoke and illuminating, incendiary, riot control, and improved conventional munitions.</li> <li>•Classes II, VII, and IX—Consist of construction/ road-building and materials-handling equipment.</li> </ul>	
<b>In Class</b> — Indicates no subclass assigned.	X
<b>Railway Equipment</b> — Includes rail items of supply and equipment such as locomotives, railcars, rails, rail joining, and shifting equipment.	Y
<b>Chemical</b>	Z
<b>Classes II</b> — Battledress overgarments, M256 chemical detector kits. VII—Protective masks and smoke generators; and IX—Protective mask filters, protective mask carriers or individual decontamination kits.	

## Subclass

**For Class III, the following subclasses also apply:**

**Air, Bulk Fuels**— Includes jet fuels and aviation gasolines, normally transported by pipeline, rail tank car, tank truck, barge, coastal or oceangoing tankers, and stored in a tank or container having a fill capacity greater than 500 gallons. 1

**Air, Packaged Bulk Fuels**— Includes fuels in subclass 1 which, because of operational necessity, are generally packaged and supplied in containers of 5- to 55-gallon capacity, except fuels in military collapsible containers of 500 gallons or less which will also be considered as packaged fuels. 2

**Air, Packaged Petroleum Products**— Includes aircraft-unique petroleum and chemical products consisting generally of lubricating oils, greases, and specialty items normally packaged by the manufacturer and procured, stored, transported, and issued in containers or packages of 55-gallon capacity or less. 3

**Ground, Bulk Fuels**— Includes motor gasoline, diesel, kerosene, and heating oils normally transported by pipeline, rail tank car, tank truck, barge, coastal or oceangoing tankers, and stored in a tank or container having a fill capacity greater than 500 gallons. 4

**Ground, Packaged Bulk Fuels**— Includes ground bulk fuels which, because of operational necessity, are generally packaged and supplied in containers of 5- to 55-gallon capacity, except fuels in military collapsible containers of 500 gallons or less which will also be considered as packaged fuels. 5

**Ground, Packaged Petroleum**— Includes petroleum and chemical products, generally lubricating oils, greases, and specialty items normally packaged by the manufacturer and procured, stored, transported, and issued in containers of 55-gallon capacity or less. 6

**Ground, Solid Fuels**— Includes coal, coke heating tables, or bars. 7

**For Class VIII, the following subclasses apply:**

Controlled substances. 1

Tax-free alcohol. 2

Precious metals. 3

Nonexpendable medical items, not restricted. 4

Expendable medical items, not restricted. 5

Commander-designated controlled items. 6 through 9

US Army Medical Materiel Agency controlled sensitive items. 0